## Healthy Children and Youth/Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (HCY/EPSDT) Quick Reference Billing and Coding Guide



Updated to reflect American Academy of Pediatrics, CMS, and State Guidance

Thank you for providing quality healthcare to our members. As you know, quality of care is measured through the Healthy Children and Youth/Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (HCY/EPSDT) and Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS). To support your practice and help you increase your HCY/EPSDT participation and screening rates, we created this quick reference billing and coding guide.

This guide describes key HCY/EPSDT exam components and provides guidance on how to bill appropriately.

Please always follow the State and CMS billing guidance and ensure the EPSDT codes are covered prior to submission.

HCY/EPSDT Billing Codes [1][2][3]					
AGE	CPT Code: New Patient	AGE	CPT Code: Established Patient	Modifiers As Applicable	ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes
Preventive visit,<1 year	99381	Preventive visit, <1 year	99391	Modifier EP: Used with procedure codes 99381-99385 and 99391-99395 when a Full or Partial screening is performed.  Modifier 52: Used with modifier EP when all components have not been met, but at least the first 5 or more components were completed according to the HCY/EPSDT requirements.  Modifier 59: Used when only components related to developmental and mental health are screened.  Modifier 25: Used on the significant, separately identifiable problem-oriented evaluation and management service when it is provided on (1) the same day as the preventive medicine service and/or (2) with administration of immunizations. Please note that modifier 25 is not to be used on preventive codes and needs to be billed using office or outpatient codes (99201-99215), and that these screenings bundle administration of immunizations.  *Documentation must support the use of a modifier 25. See MO HealthNet Provider Manual.  Modifier UC: Used when a referral is made for further care.	Z00.110 Newborn under 8 days old Z00.111 Newborns 8 to 28 days old or Z00.121 Routine child health exam with abnormal findings Z00.129 Routine child health exam without abnormal findings
Preventive visit, 1-4	99382	Preventive visit, 1-4	99392		Z00.121 Z00.129 Z00.121 Z00.129
Preventive visit, 5-11	99383	Preventive visit, 5-11	99393		
Preventive visit, 12-17	99384	Preventive visit, 12-17	99394		Z00.121 Z00.129
Preventive vis- it, 18 or older	99385	Preventive vis- it, 18 or older	99395		Age 18-20 years:  Z00.121  Z00.129  Age 21 years and older:  Z00.00 General adult medical exam without abnormal findings  Z00.01 General adult medical exam with abnormal findings

<sup>\*</sup>Independent Rural Health Clinics (RHC) will bill HCPCS T1015-EP along with the appropriate CPT procedure code(s) and modifier(s) as applicable.

As of 1/31/2019, all RHC must bill the charge amount of \$0.01 on the E/M service line when billing T1015 charges, i.e. 993xx(preventive E/M codes) charge \$0.01 on the service line and T1015 charge \$110.

When an Annual Wellness Visit is performed the Z00 code series listed in the above grid should always be entered in the primary diagnosis position (Z02 codes, indicating sports, school physicals, or other should be entered in the second diagnosis position or beyond).

If the first **5 or more** components of an HCY/EPSDT screen are completed, you may bill using the age appropriate CPT code, EP modifier (along with modifier 52 to identify a partial screen was performed), and appropriate ICD-10 code to count toward your Participation Rate. **Please see the HCY/EPSDT Billing Codes Table.** 

## Components of a HCY/EPSDT Exam [1]:

A full screen must be performed by the appropriate practitioner type and include all 10 components below. If all components are not included, but at least the first 5 or more components were, a provider must bill for a partial screen only. A partial screen will still count towards the EPSDT participation rate.

- Interval History
- Unclothed Physical Examination
- Anticipatory Guidance
- Lab/Immunizations (Lab and administration of immunizations are reimbursed separately)
- Lead Risk Assessment (HCY Lead Risk Assessment Form required)
- Development Personal-Social and Language
- Fine Motor/Gross Motor Skills
- Hearing
- Vision

• Oral Health (A full HCY/EPSDT screen includes an oral examination which is not a full dental exam. Children should be referred to a dental provider when medically indicated and according to the periodicity schedule.)

Please refer to your state specific Periodicity Schedule.

Qualified Providers [1] Physicians

Nurse Practitioners Nurse Midwifes\*

\*Nurse midwife may only perform an EPSDT screening on infants 0-2 months and females age 15-20 years.

## HELPFUL HINTS \*Always refer to the MO HealthNet provider manuals for guidance [1][2].

- It is recommended that a blood lead test occur before the age of 2.
- Home State Health will reimburse providers for a sick visit and EPSDT for the same date of service. See Modifier 25. Documentation must support that the sick visit was significant and separately identifiable.

assist with examination and documentation of well-child exams. For more detailed information please refer to the MO HealthNet provider manuals

Works Cited:

1. SECTION 8 HEALTHY CHILDREN AND YOUTH PROGRAM. (2013, May). Retrieved July, 2016, from https://dss.mo.gov/mhd/providers/education/pro/pro08.pdf

2.Coding for Pediatric Preventive Care 2016. (2016). Retrieved April 26, 2016, from https://www.aap.org/en-us/Documents/coding factsheet brightfuturespreventivemedicine.pd

3. 2016-ICD-10-CM-and-GEMs. (n.d.). Retrieved April 26, 2016, from https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Coding/ICD10/2016-ICD-10-CM-and-GEMs.html

Please note: This document contains general screening, guidelines, and topics to

• Annual wellness exam diagnosis code tips (child): see chart below

Z00.121 "Routine child health exam with abnormal findings" may include, but is not limited to

- an acute injury
- an acute illness
- an incidental or trivial finding that is diagnosed in the patient's chart
- an abnormal screen
- an abnormal exam finding
- a newly diagnosed chronic condition
- a chronic condition that had to be addressed (excluding medication refill) due to an exacerbation
- a chronic condition being uncontrolled
- new issues arising related to the chronic condition

**700.129** "Routine child health exam without abnormal findings" can be billed with chronic conditions even if they are stable.

- If the stable or improving chronic condition had to be addressed for medication refill or routine follow-up, you may report the chronic condition in addition to the well child exam "with normal findings."
- Verify the condition, any medications, DME, injections/infusions, managed by specialist.
- Rule out any suspected conditions or address them.

For additional questions please call the MO HealthNet Provider Communications Help Line at: 573-751-2896.